City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

MAY 19, 2003

TO:

THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL

FROM:

PHILIP SUNDERLAND, CITY MANAGERO

SUBJECT:

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING

APRIL 30, 2003

ISSUE: Receipt of the City's Monthly Financial Report for the period ending April 30, 2003.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council receive the following Monthly Financial Report for the period ending April 30, 2003.

DISCUSSION: This report provides financial information on revenues and expenditures of the General Fund for the period July 1, 2002 through April 30, 2003. This report presents revenues and expenditures for the same period for FY 2002 for comparative purposes (Attachments 1 and 2), and also provides a summary of selected economic indicators (Attachment 3). FY 2003 revenues through April 30, 2003, in the amount of \$243.5 million, represent a 1.1 percent increase as compared to collections last year. General Fund expenditures through the end of March total \$270.9 million, or 7.7 percent higher than expenditures at the same time last year. As of April 30, 2003, General Fund expenditures exceeded General Fund revenues by \$27.3 million. This is a normal situation that occurs this time of year because the City's revenues follow seasonal patterns (the City's real estate tax revenues are due in November and June), while expenditures are more evenly distributed.

This report reflects updated FY 2003 revenue projections from the FY 2004 Budget approved by City Council on April 29. The largest change from the prior month's revenue projection is a decrease in the real property tax revenue to reflect the recent City Council approved changed tax rate from the initially proposed \$1.05 to the approved \$1.035. Economic reports from various organizations which collect and issue economic data, such as the U.S. Department of Labor, George Mason University, the Fairfax County Government, and the Office of the Secretary of Finance of the Commonwealth of Virginia, all indicate that the statewide and regional economies continue to perform below desired levels largely due to higher unemployment and reduced consumer and business spending. City office occupancy, dwelling unit sales and building permits are all lower than a year ago at this time. In general, these rates have improved since June 30, 2002, but not enough to equal or better the situation the City experienced in FY 2001. This includes the City's unemployment rate, at 3.1 percent (as of February 2003), which has shown improvement from the 3.5 percent peak in 2002, but has not returned to the January 2001 very low rate of 1.4 percent. As a result, and as was the case in FY 2002, City staff will need to continue to monitor revenues very carefully in order to keep the City's budget in balance.

As a result, projecting current year revenues is a much more complicated task with more unknowns than usual. Finance and OMB staff have made projections of the revenues by category. In addition, expenditure budget savings arising from budget management actions instituted starting in October will help avoid a budget shortfall in FY 2003. In October, due to concerns about the economy and the State revenue reductions, the non-public safety departments were directed to develop a plan to reserve 3.0 percent of their FY 2003 operating budgets. The public safety departments have been requested to plan to reserve 3.0 percent of their FY 2003 non-personnel budgets. Some of these planned savings will be tempered by snow costs which are not recoverable from State and federal sources and which far exceed budgeted amounts.

These revenues projections for FY 2003 produce a \$8.7 million revenue surplus, of which \$4.9 million was used to help finance a portion of the FY 2004 operating budget and FY 2004 capital projects and \$1.0 million (equal to 1¢ of the June 2003 real estate revenues) was designated for open space acquisition. This left \$2.8 million in funds undesignated at this time. It is likely that these funds will be designated for the FY 2005 operating and capital budgets when the FY 2003 fiscal year is closed. The following chart and text summarize the revenue variances:

FY 2003 PROJECTIONS (Amounts in millions)

	FY 2003 BUDGET	FY 2003 BUDGET PROJECTIONS	BUDGET VERSUS <u>PROJECTIONS</u>
Real Property	\$ 176.6	\$ 185.6	\$ 9.0
Personal Property-local share	31.2	30.9	(0.3)
Penalties and Interest	1.1	1.5	0.4
Sales Tax	21.3	21.3	ш.
Consumer Utility Tax	17.1	17.1	-
Business License Tax	21.9	22.9	1.0
Transient Lodging Tax	5.2	5.6	0.4
Restaurant Meals Tax	8.7	8.7	-
Tobacco	1.6	2.0	0.4
Recordation Taxes	1.5	2.7	1.2
Other Local Taxes	4.5	3.9	(0.6)
Intergovernmental	45.9	45.7	(0.2)
Fines and Forfeitures	3.9	4.0	0.1
Licenses and Permits	4.0	3.0	(1.0)
Charges for City Services	9.9	9.5	(0.4)
Use of Money and Property	6.6	<u>5.3</u>	_(1.3)
Total			\$ 8.7

REVENUES (Attachment 1): As of April 30, 2003, actual General Fund revenues totaled \$243.5 million, an increase of \$2.6 million, or 1.1 percent, as compared to revenues for the same period last year. Except as noted in this report, revenues reflect normal trends.

Real Estate Taxes: Second half real estate taxes were due November 15. Revenues to date are \$9.2 million, or 11.4 percent higher than collections at this time last year. As projected in the Proposed FY 2004 Budget, real estate gross levy for locally assessed real property for second half CY 2002 totaled \$168.5 million. Staff currently expects to collect 49.2 percent of this levy. First half CY 2003 real estate taxes will be due on June 15 and will be based on the CY 2003 assessments which increased 19.93 percent. This assessment increase, at the adopted lower real estate tax rate of \$1.035, along with the increased collection of second half CY 2002 taxes and delinquent taxes, would increase expected FY 2003 real estate tax revenues to \$185.6 million, or \$9.0 million above the FY 2003 budget. This is \$1.4 million less than previously projected because of the approved decrease in the proposed tax rate to \$1.035.

Personal Property Taxes: Personal property tax bills were due in October 2002. The FY 2003 Approved Budget includes a \$31.2 million revenue projection for tax revenue collected directly by the City (including \$15.8 million for vehicles and \$15.4 million for businesses). It also includes an additional \$22.0 million of intergovernmental revenue that the City collects from the Commonwealth under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA). This year, the State's share of the local personal property tax payment is 70.0 percent of most taxpayers' payments, which is the same as last year. The total for all budgeted revenues related to the personal property tax for FY 2003 is \$53.2 million and has not changed from last month.

Through April 30, 2003, the City has collected \$30.3 million in personal property tax revenue and has received reimbursement from the Commonwealth of \$21.8 million for total personal property tax receipts of \$52.1 million. This represents a \$6.8 million decrease when compared to receipts collected at the same time last year. In FY 2002, the City received \$7.6 million for personal property taxes from the Mirant Corporation for business personal property (the PEPCO plant off of Slater's Lane) purchased from a public service corporation. Public service corporations' personal property is taxed at a lower rate than other private companies; therefore, the sale of the public service corporation assets to independent power producer Mirant resulted in a one year, one-time tax revenue payment to the City of \$7.6 million. For FY 2003, State law gave independent power producers such as Mirant the same lower tax treatment as public service corporations. As reported last month, it now appears that the total budgeted revenues related to the personal property tax (\$53.2 million) will fall short of the FY 2003 budget by \$300,000. It is clear that the rate of assessment growth in the vehicle portion of the tax base has slowed significantly from prior years.

Personal Property Tax (in millions)	Budget FY 2003	Actual to Date FY 2003	Actual to Date FY 2002
City share	\$ 31.2	\$ 30.3	\$ 37.8
Commonwealth reimbursement	22.0	_21.8	21.1
Total	\$ 53.2	\$ 52.1	\$ 58.9

Penalties and Interest: Collections of penalties and interest year-to-date total \$1.4 million, which slightly exceeds last year's penalties and interest revenues for the same time period. Based upon historical patterns, it is projected that FY 2003 revenues will total at least \$1.5 million by the end of the fiscal year. This amount has not changed from last month.

Local Sales and Use Taxes: Businesses remit sales tax to the Commonwealth within 30 days of the end of the month in which sales occurred. The Commonwealth wires the City's portion of the sales tax approximately one month later. Sales taxes received by the City in April represent revenues collected by merchants in February. Year-to-date revenues continue to improve over last year with a 5.7 percent annualized increase for the last few months. As a result, the prior projection of \$21.3 million in sales tax revenue in FY 2003 will likely be achieved. It should be noted that sales tax reporting by companies and administration by the Virginia Department of Taxation make single-month comparisons difficult.

Consumer Utility Taxes: Consumer utility taxes are collected by the utility companies one month after billing and are remitted to the City the following month. The consumer utility tax revenue in this report represents utility services provided to consumers through February and are in line with prior projections.

City of Alexandria Consumer Utility Tax Receipts

City of file	Aunuria Combani		***		
Utility	FY 2003 Year to Date Receipts	FY 2002 Year to Date Receipts	Increase/ (Decrease)		
Telephone - Tax on Local Services	5,218,407	\$5,181,109	\$37,298		
Electricity	3,677,379	3,911,475	(234,096)		
Water	1,461,678	1,460,438	1,240		
Natural Gas	1,713,244	1,600,428	112,816		

FY 2002 revenue includes an additional month's receipts paid early

Business License Taxes: The City's business license tax was due March 3 for CY 2003, and receipts are currently being tabulated. Collections as of April 30, 2003, in the amount of \$20.6 million, are \$1.0 million, or 5.2 percent, higher than collections at the same time last year. An analysis of the tax returns from businesses, which have reported their gross receipts on time, show an increase in taxes paid from the service sector of 5.5 percent, including a decrease in taxes paid from professional services of 2.9 percent. Taxes paid by the retail sector remained flat. Staff estimate that they will collect an additional \$2.3 million in the remainder of the year, including \$1.5 million in quarterly payments and \$0.8 million from non-filers, delinquent taxpayers and audits of tax returns. Based on collection patterns to date, staff's current estimate for business tax receipts for FY 2003 is \$22.9 million, which is \$1.0 million over the approved budget, as well as equal to the previously projected total for the fiscal year.

Transient Lodging Taxes: Transient lodging taxes are remitted to the City within one month after collections. Therefore, the revenue reflected in this report represents collections by hotels through February. Collections total \$3.8 million, an increase of \$0.2 million or 6.5 percent over last year. However, since Reagan National Airport was closed or restricted at less than full capacity for a period of time in FY 2002 beginning on September 11, 2001, a slightly larger percentage increase was expected. Full service and mid-range hotels experienced a slight increase in revenue compared to last year, but budget and extended stay hotels, on average, are still somewhat lower than last year. Based on collections to date, staff projects that transient lodging taxes will be \$5.6 million, an increase of \$0.4 million above the Approved FY 2003 Budget. This projection has not changed from last month.

Restaurant Meals Tax: Meals and alcoholic beverage taxes are due to the City within 30 days of the month the sales occurred. Collections for sales in March 2003 were one tenth of one percent higher than collections in March 2002. Based on collections to date, staff projects that restaurant meals taxes will be \$8.7 million, which approximates the Approved FY 2003 Budget and has not changed from last month.

Tobacco Taxes: Tobacco taxes are levied at a rate of \$0.50 per pack of 20 cigarettes sold in the City. This rate was increased as of January 2003. Based on the increased rate, staff projects that tobacco taxes will be approximately \$2.0 million, an increase of \$0.4 million over the Approved FY 2003 Budget, which is consistent with prior projections.

Real Estate Recordation Taxes: Real estate recordation tax revenues are collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and remitted to the City the following month. Collections in the amount of \$2.4 million increased \$0.5 million, or 27.9 percent over collections at this time last year. The increase is primarily attributable to residential refinancings due to continued historically low mortgage interest rates. Based on current collections, staff projects recordation taxes will be at least approximately \$2.7 million, which is consistent with prior projections.

Other Local Taxes: This category includes taxes such as bank franchise, telecommunications right-of-way, cable TV franchise, daily rental and other miscellaneous taxes. The decrease in revenue to date results from a decrease in the telecommunications taxes and E-911 taxes reported by Verizon. The telephone company attributes the decrease in revenue to corrections in accounting procedures, customer wireless replacement of land line phones and economic factors. Based on collections to date, staff projects that other local taxes will be \$3.9 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million below the Approved FY 2003 Budget. This is consistent with prior projections.

Revenue from the Federal Government: The City's General Fund revenues from the federal government are primarily for federal prisoner per diem. The City has billed \$4.0 million for housing federal prisoners through the period ending April 30, 2003. As of April 30, 2003, \$3.5 million has been received. The federal government generally pays the City for housing federal prisoners 45 to 60 days after the end of the billing period. Based on collections to date, staff projects that revenue from the federal government will exceed \$4.5 million, with the balance of these revenues (about \$0.7 million) allocated to added Public Safety Center security staffing costs.

Revenue from the Commonwealth: The \$15.0 million in revenues received to date is \$0.4 million lower than that received for the same period in FY 2002. This is due to State revenue reductions. FY 2003 State revenue reductions, estimated prior to General Assembly amendments

for the City, total \$1.1 million. Expected revenue losses include substantial reductions in per diem jail reimbursement, as well as in ABC/wine tax distributions. Based on these changes, staff projects that General Fund revenue from the Commonwealth will be \$19.1 million, a decrease of \$0.4 million below the Approved FY 2003 Budget, which is consistent with prior projections. The City's Special Revenue Fund where grants are accounted for will also experience losses.

Fines and Forfeitures: Increased revenues primarily represent collections for parking tickets and red light fees. These collections were lower in FY 2002 as a result of the events following September 11. Based on these collections, staff projects revenues of \$4 million, \$0.1 million higher than the Approved FY 2003 Budget, which is consistent with prior projections.

Licenses and Permits: Revenues decreased \$0.5 million, or 17.0 percent below collections at this time last year. This decrease is attributable to fewer new residential and commercial building and related permits issued in FY 2003 than in FY 2002. Based on collections to date, staff projects that revenues from licenses and permits will be \$3.0 million, \$1.0 million less than the Approved FY 2003 Budget. This \$3.0 million projection is consistent with prior projections.

Charges for Services: Revenue for charges for services increased 5.4 percent as a result of Council action to increase the fees paid by the development community in order to better recover costs. Based on collections to date, staff projects that charges for services will be \$9.5 million, \$0.4 million less than the Approved FY 2003 Budget. This is consistent with prior projections.

Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Year-to-date interest revenues decreased \$1.3 million compared to last fiscal year, largely due to substantially declining market interest rates on City short-term investments. This large decrease in market interest rates is reflected in the federal fund rate reduction from 1.76 percent in April 2002 to 1.24 percent in April 2003. As a result, it is expected that interest revenues will fall significantly short of budget expectations in FY 2003. Staff projects that revenues from use of money and property will be \$5.3 million, which is equal to prior FY 2003 budget projections.

Other Revenue: Other revenues include gifts and donations, damage recoveries and recovered costs.

EXPENDITURES (Attachment 2): As of April 30, 2003, actual General Fund expenditures totaled \$270.9 million, an increase of \$ 19.3 million, or 7.7 percent over expenditures for the same period last year. The Approved General Fund Budget is 6.6 percent higher than FY 2002. Unless noted below, the increase in expenditures over that budgeted is attributable to budgeted expenditures for annual equipment replacement charges made at the beginning of the fiscal year and a budgeted increase in cash capital. Except as noted below, this expenditure pattern reflects the Approved FY 2003 Budget.

Judicial Administration: Expenditures represent the annual payments to regional organizations that provide legal, correctional and animal welfare and control services. In addition, the Sheriff's Department continues to incur substantial overtime costs related to perimeter security at the Public Safety Center. The City is working to obtain federal funding for some of these costs, and will use excess federal jail per diem funds to cover the balance.

Other Planning Activities: General Fund expenditures in this category reflect the City's contribution payments to community agencies.

City Attorney: Expenditures to date reflect outside legal fees which are budgeted in a non-department account and charged to the City Attorney's office. Staff will recommend an appropriations transfer in the context of the June Transfer Resolution to match these expenditures with budget authority.

General Services: Expenditures reflect additional expenditures for snow removal costs. Staff will recommend an appropriations transfer in the context of the June Transfer Resolution to match these expenditures with budget authority.

Fire: Expenditures reflect additional overtime costs caused by the winter's snow storms.

Transit Subsidies: General Fund expenditures in this category reflect the City's contribution payments to WMATA, DASH and for paratransit services.

Human Services: Expenditures reflect increased costs associated with providing child and youth services, particularly for the Comprehensive Services Act (CSA) program.

Schools: The School Administration has reported \$105.5 million in expenses through April 30, 2003. The City's General Fund share of total School Administration budgeted expenditures is approximately 77.8 percent of the total expenditures. This percentage was applied to total school disbursements to estimate school expenditures to date in the amount of \$82.1 million (i.e., 77.8 percent of \$105.5 million).

Other Educational Activities: General Fund expenditures in this category reflect the City's contribution to the Northern Virginia Community College.

Non-Departmental: General Fund expenditures in this category reflect the City's contributions to the closed public safety pension plan, senior citizens' rent relief, payment for liability insurance premiums, and the City's share of debt service on the Northern Virginia Transportation District bonds.

Cash Matches (MH/MR/SA, Human Services, Library and Miscellaneous Grants): To comply with grant awards, the City's share of funding is transferred from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund at the end of the fiscal year.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1 - Comparative Statement of Revenues

Attachment 2 - Comparative Statement of Expenditures & Transfers by Function

Attachment 3 - Selected Economic Indicators

STAFF:

Mark Jinks, Assistant City Manager for Fiscal and Financial Affairs D. A. Neckel, Director of Finance Laura Triggs, Deputy Director of Finance/Comptroller

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING APRIL 30, 2003 AND APRIL 30, 2002

	FY2003 APPROVED		FY2003 REVENUES			FY2002 REVENUES	
					% OF		
		BUDGET	TI	IRU 04/30/03	BUDGET	<u></u>	HRU 04/30/02
General Property Taxes			_	00.100.001	50.50 /	4	
Real Property Taxes	\$	176,572,000	\$	89,133,924	50.5%	\$	79,978,487
Personal Property Taxes		31,184,000		30,283,010	97.1%		37,817,611
Penalties and Interest		1,100,000		1,357,992	123.5%		1,313,244
Total General Property Taxes		208,856,000		120,774,926			119,109,342
Other Local Taxes							
Local Sales and Use Taxes	\$	21,300,000	\$	14,088,639	66.1%	\$	13,332,929
Consumer Utility Taxes		17,100,000		12,070,708	70.6%		12,153,450
Business License Taxes		21,900,000		20,600,608	94.1%		19,574,070
Transient Lodging Taxes		5,250,000		3,807,418	72.5%		3,575,053
Restaurant Meals Tax		8,700,000		6,127,648	70.4%		6,122,383
Tobacco Taxes		1,600,000		1,408,552	88.0%		1,195,671
Motor Vehicle License Tax		2,300,000		2,256,115	98.1%		2,229,990
Real Estate Recordation		1,500,000		2,417,231	161.1%		1,889,277
Other Local Taxes		4,468,000		1,846,438	41.3%		2,287,797
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	84,118,000	\$	64,623,357	76.8%	\$	62,360,620
Intergovernmental Revenues							
Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	4,380,000	\$	2 500 407	80.0%	\$	2 057 027
Personal Property Tax Relief from the	Ф	4,360,000	Ф	3,502,497	80.0%	Þ	3,857,927
Commonwealth		22.040.000		21 770 212	98.8%		21 070 025
Revenue from the Commonwealth		22,040,000		21,770,312			21,078,925
	_	19,485,800	-	14,970,582	76.8%		15,354,684
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	45,905,800		40,243,391	87.7%		40,291,536
Other Governmental Revenues							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,882,000	\$	3,257,248	83.9%	\$	3,104,060
Licenses and Permits		4,000,000		2,483,820	62.1%		2,993,524
Charges for City Services		9,863,800		6,638,750	67.3%		6,296,564
Revenue from Use of Money & Property		6,550,500		5,018,142	76.6%		6,275,773
Other Revenue		929,480		502,913	54.1%		498,342
Total Other Governmental Revenues	\$	25,225,780	\$	17,900,873	71.0%	\$	19,168,263
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	364,105,580	\$	243,542,547	66.9%	\$	240,929,761
Appropriated Fund Balance							
General Fund		9,816,624		_	0.0%		_
Reappropriation of FY 2002 Encumbrances		- ,, •					
And Other Supplemental Appropriations		4,532,090		-	0.0%		_
TOTAL	\$	378,454,294	\$	243,542,547	64.4%	S	240,929,761
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CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING APRIL 30, 2003 AND APRIL 30, 2002

PUNCTION		A	FY2003 APPROVED	EXI	FY2003 PENDITURES	% OF		FY2002 PENDITURES
Staff Agencies	FUNCTION		BUDGET	TH	IRU 04/30/03	BUDGET	TH	IRU 04/30/02
Staff Agencies Information Technology Services	Legislative & Executive	\$	4,737,409	\$	3,567,873	75.3%	\$	3,361,871
Information Technology Services	Judicial Administration	\$	26,587,007	\$	23,138,304	87.0%	\$	20,653,541
Management & Budget. 913,849 557,711 61.0% 528,477 Finance. 7,513,026 5,591,513 74.4% 5,184,829 Real Estate Assessment. 980,990 697,034 71.1% 748,289 Personnel. 2,285,897 1,766,220 75.5% 1,637,145 Planning & Zoning. 3,466,884 2,355,669 73.2% 2,070,824 Other Planning Activities. 2,194,945 2,146,072 97.8% 2,093,472 City Attorney. 1,402,831 1,512,527 107.8% 1,408,371 Registrar. 9,060,617 7,767,458 85.7% 7,254,798 General Services. 9,060,617 7,767,458 85.7% 7,254,798 Transportation & Environmental Services. \$ 22,268,685 \$ 16,653,475 74.8% \$ 15,833,551 Fire. 26,772,124 22,263,718 84.6% 21,183,233 Police. 37,962,793 30,924,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transit Subsidies. 3,688,778 3,479,602 93.2% 2,550,502	-							
Prinance	Information Technology Services	\$	6,463,714	\$	4,329,496	67.0%	\$	4,626,889
Real Estate Assessment 980,950 697,034 71.1% 748,289 Personnel 2,285,897 1,726,220 75.9% 1,637,145 Planning & Zoning 3,466,384 2,235,869 73.2% 2,070,834 Other Planning Activities 2,194,945 2,146,077 97.8% 2,029,472 City Attorney 1,402,831 1,512,527 107.8% 1,408,371 Registrar 9,060,617 7,757,458 85.7% 7,354,798 Total Staff Agencies 3,5187,182 \$27,516,004 78.2% \$26,226,695 Operating Agencies Transportation & Environmental Services \$2,228,685 \$16,653,475 74.8% \$15,833,551 Fire 26,772,124 22,637,718 84.6% 21,182,88 Police 37,962,793 30,294,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transportation & Environmental Services 31,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Pire 26,772,124 22,263,718 84.6% 21,182,883 Police 37,962,793 3,437,962 <td< td=""><td>Management & Budget</td><td></td><td>913,849</td><td></td><td>557,711</td><td>61.0%</td><td></td><td>525,477</td></td<>	Management & Budget		913,849		557,711	61.0%		525,477
Personnel	Finance		7,513,026		5,591,513	74.4%		5,184,829
Planning & Zoning. 3,466,384 2,535,689 73,2% 2,070,824	Real Estate Assessment		980,950		697,034	71.1%		748,289
Other Planning Activities 2,194,945 2,146,072 97.8% 2,029,472 City Attorney 1,402,831 1,512,527 107.8% 1,403,371 Registrar 904,969 652,224 72.1% 640,997 General Services 9,060,617 7,767,458 85.7% 7,354,798 Total Staff Agencies \$ 35,187,182 \$ 27,516,004 78.2% \$ 26,226,691 Operating Agencies Transportation & Environmental Services \$ 22,268,685 \$ 16,653,475 74.8% \$ 15,833,551 Fire 26,772,124 22,637,718 84.6% 21,182,383 Police 37,962,793 30,924,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transis Subsidies 3,688,778 3,437,962 93.2% 2,650,922 Housing 11,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ 31,842,249 489,283 81.1% 489,284 Health 71,69,160 5,078,804 70.8% 5,728,002 Human Services 8,118,476 <	Personnel		2,285,897		1,726,220	75.5%		1,637,145
City Attorney	Planning & Zoning		3,466,384		2,535,689	73.2%		2,070,824
Registrar	Other Planning Activities		2,194,945		2,146,072	97.8%		2,029,472
Page	City Attorney		1,402,831		1,512,527	107.8%		1,408,371
Total Staff Agencies \$ 35,187,182 \$ 27,516,004 78.2% \$ 26,226,691 Operating Agencies Transportation & Environmental Services	Registrar		904,969		652,284	72.1%		640,597
Operating Agencies Transportation & Environmental Services	General Services		9,060,617		7,767,458	85.7%		7,354,798
Transportation & Environmental Services. \$ 22,268,685 \$ 16,653,475 74.8% \$ 15,833,551 Fire. 26,772,124 22,637,718 84.6% 21,182,383 Police. 37,962,793 30,924,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transit Subsidies. 3,688,778 3,437,962 93.2% 2,565,052 Housing. 1,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse. 601,668 499,983 83.1% 489,284 Health. 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Human Services. 8,118,476 6,885,203 84.8% 5,728,020 Historic Resources. 2,247,776 1,741,906 77.5% 1,649,283 Recreation. 15,180,556 12,113,238 79.8% 11,582,529 Total Operating Agencies \$ 115,329,680 \$ 82,112,105 71.2% \$ 76,657,038 Other Educational Activities. 13,246 13,246 100.0% \$ 76,669,061 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 17,739	Total Staff Agencies	\$	35,187,182	\$	27,516,004	78.2%	\$	26,226,691
Fire. 26,772,124 22,637,718 84.6% 21,182,383 Police. 37,962,793 30,924,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transit Subsidies. 1,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ 50,088 499,983 83,1% 489,284 Health. 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Human Services. 8,118,476 6,885,203 84.8% 5,728,020 Historic Resources. 2,247,776 1,741,906 77.5% 1,649,283 Recreation. 15,180,556 12,113,238 79.8% 11,582,529 Total Operating Agencies \$ 125,252,285 \$ 100,689,931 80.4% \$ 93,603,372 Education \$ 13,246 13,246 10.0% 12,923 Other Educational Activities. \$ 115,342,926 \$ 82,112,105 71.2% \$ 76,657,038 Other Educational Miscellaneous \$ 11,524,926 \$ 82,122,5351 71.2% \$ 76,669,961 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,162,348 </td <td>Operating Agencies</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Agencies							
Police 37,962,793 30,924,673 81.5% 29,137,145 Transit Subsidies 3,688,778 3,437,962 93.2% 2,565,052 Housing 1,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse 601,688 499,983 83.1% 489,284 Health 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Human Services 8,118,476 6,885,203 84.8% 5,728,020 Historic Resources 2,247,776 1,741,906 77.5% 1,649,283 Recreation 15,180,555 12,113,238 79.8% 11,582,529 Total Operating Agencies \$ 125,252,285 \$ 100,689,931 80.4% \$ 93,603,372 Education \$ 115,329,680 \$ 82,112,105 71.2% \$ 76,657,038 Other Educational Activities 13,246 13,246 100.0% 12,293 Total Education \$ 115,342,926 \$ 82,125,351 71.2% \$ 76,669,961 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous Debt	Transportation & Environmental Services	\$	22,268,685	S	16,653,475	74.8%	\$	15,833,551
Transit Subsidies 3,688,778 3,437,962 93.2% 2,565,052 Housing 1,242,249 716,969 57.7% 640,257 Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ 50,000 3,000 83,18 489,284 Health 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Health 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Human Services 8,118,476 6,885,203 84.8% 5,728,020 Historic Resources 2,247,776 1,741,906 77.5% 1,649,283 Recreation 15,180,556 12,113,238 79.8% 11,582,529 Total Operating Agencies \$ 125,252,285 \$ 100,689,931 80.4% \$ 93,603,372 Education \$ 115,329,680 \$ 82,112,105 71.2% \$ 76,657,038 Other Educational Activities 13,246 13,246 100.0% 12,293 Total Education \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,162,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Non-Departmental 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 </td <td>Fire</td> <td></td> <td>26,772,124</td> <td></td> <td>22,637,718</td> <td>84.6%</td> <td></td> <td>21,182,383</td>	Fire		26,772,124		22,637,718	84.6%		21,182,383
Housing	Police		37,962,793		30,924,673	81.5%		29,137,145
Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ 601,688 499,983 83.1% 489,284 Health	Transit Subsidies		3,688,778		3,437,962	93.2%		2,565,052
Substance Abuse 601,688 499,983 83.1% 489,284 Health 7,169,160 5,078,804 70.8% 4,795,868 Human Services 8,118,476 6,885,203 84.8% 5,728,020 Historic Resources 2,247,776 1,741,906 77.5% 1,649,283 Recreation 15,180,556 12,113,238 79.8% 11,582,529 Total Operating Agencies \$ 125,252,285 \$ 100,689,931 80.4% \$ 93,603,372 Education \$ 115,329,680 \$ 82,112,105 71.2% \$ 76,657,038 Other Educational Activities 13,246 13,246 100.0% 12,923 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 115,342,926 \$ 82,125,351 71.2% \$ 76,667,038 Debt Service \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,162,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Non-Departmental 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 Cash Capital 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Contingent Reserves 743,705 - -	Housing		1,242,249		716,969	57.7%		640,257
Health			504 500		100.000	02.404		400.004
Human Services			•		· ·			•
Historic Resources								
Recreation					6,885,203	84.8%		
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,62,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Non-Departmental \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,62,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Contingent Reserves 743,705 Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Non-Departmental 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 Cash Capital 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Contingent Reserves 743,705 - - - Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 40,276,049 \$ 29,801,481 74.0% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) 347,382,858 \$ 266,838,944 76.8% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Realth/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) 26,237,236 - - 0.0% - Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund 26,237,236 - - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH					* *	77.5%		
Education Schools	·		15,180,556		12,113,238	79.8%		11,582,529
Schools	Total Operating Agencies	\$	125,252,285	\$	100,689,931	80.4%	\$	93,603,372
Other Educational Activities 13,246 13,246 13,246 100.0% 12,923 Total Education \$ 115,342,926 \$ 82,125,351 71.2% \$ 76,669,961 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,162,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Non-Departmental 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 Cash Capital 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Contingent Reserves 743,705 - - - Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 40,276,049 \$ 29,801,481 74.0% \$ 27,679,943 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ \$ 347,382,858 \$ 266,838,944 76.8% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ \$ 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH 4,834,200 4,026,888 83.3% 3,400,997	Education							
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 115,342,926 \$ 82,125,351 71.2% \$ 76,669,961 Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 17,739,094 \$ 11,162,348 62.9% \$ 11,525,300 Non-Departmental	Schools	\$	115,329,680	\$	82,112,105	71.2%	\$	76,657,038
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous Debt Service	Other Educational Activities		13,246		13,246	100.0%		12,923
Debt Service	Total Education	\$	115,342,926	\$	82,125,351	71.2%	\$	76,669,961
Non-Departmental. 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 Cash Capital. 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Contingent Reserves. 743,705 - - - Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 40,276,049 \$ 29,801,481 74.0% \$ 27,679,943 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 347,382,858 \$ 266,838,944 76.8% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund. 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH. 4,834,200 4,026,888 83.3% 3,400,997	Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous							
Non-Departmental 7,593,250 4,439,133 58.5% 3,734,643 Cash Capital 14,200,000 14,200,000 100.0% 12,420,000 Contingent Reserves 743,705 - - - Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 40,276,049 \$ 29,801,481 74.0% \$ 27,679,943 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 347,382,858 \$ 266,838,944 76.8% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH 4,834,200 4,026,888 83.3% 3,400,997	Debt Service	\$	17,739,094	\$	11,162,348	62.9%	\$	11,525,300
Contingent Reserves	Non-Departmental		7,593,250		4,439,133	58.5%		
Contingent Reserves	Cash Capital		14,200,000		14,200,000	100.0%		12,420,000
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous \$ 40,276,049 \$ 29,801,481 74.0% \$ 27,679,943 TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$ 347,382,858 \$ 266,838,944 76.8% \$ 248,195,379 Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH 4,834,200 4,026,888 83.3% 3,400,997					_	_		-
Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund		\$		\$	29,801,481	74.0%	\$	27,679,943
Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	347,382,858	\$	266,838,944	76.8%	\$	248,195,379
Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library) Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund	Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/							
Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund. 26,237,236 - 0.0% - Transfer to DASH. 4,834,200 4,026,888 83.3% 3,400,997								
Transfer to DASH			26,237,236		_	0.0%		_
					4.026.888			3,400.997
		\$		\$			\$	

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA SELECTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS

	Current <u>Year</u>	Prior <u>Year</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>
Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for the Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV Area (As of March 31, 2003) (Source: Published bi-monthly by United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	115.9	111.9	+3.6%
Unemployment Rates Alexandria (As of February 28, 2003) (Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	3.1%	3.6%	-14%
Virginia (As of March 31, 2003) (Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	4.1%	4.1%	NC
United States (As of April 30, 2003) (Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	6.0%	5.9%	+2%
Interest Rates (As of April 30, 2003)			
Prime Rate Federal Fund Rate (Source: SunTrust Economic Monitor)	4.25% 1.24%	4.75% 1.76%	-11% -30%
New Business Licenses (During March) (Source: Finance Department, Business Tax Branch)	111	90	+23%
Office Vacancy Rates			
(As of December 31, 2002) Alexandria Northern Virginia Washington DC Metro Area (Source: Grubb & Ellis)	11.5% 17.9% 13.2%	9.1% 13.9% 10.6%	+26% +29% +25%
New Commercial Construction (As of March 31, 2003)			
Number of New Building Permits Value of New Building Permits (Source: Fire Department Code Enforcement Bureau)	10 \$152.7 million	13 \$39.8 million	-23% +284%
Residential Real Estate Indicators (for the three months ended March 31, 2003) Residential Dwelling Units Sold Average Residential Sales Price (Source: Department of Real Estate Assessments)	669 \$314,708 ¹	710 \$263,127	-6% +20%¹

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Reflects appreciation and more higher-end homes selling in 2003.